

Poetry.

MANHOOD.

By Robert Burns.

"A man's a man for a' that,"
Is there for honest poverty,
That hangs his head and a' that?
The coward slave, we pass him by,
We dare be poor, for a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
Our toils obscure, and a' that,
The rank is but the guinea's stamp,
The man's the gowd, for a' that.

What though on homely fare we dine,
Wear hidden grey and a' that?
His fools their wiles and naives their wine,
A man's a man for a' that.
The honest man, though e'er so poor,
Is king of men for a' that.

Then let us pray that come it may,
As come it will, for a' that,
That sense and worth, o'er a' the earth,
May bear the gree, and a' that;
For a' that, and a' that,
It's coming yet, for a' that,
That man to man, the world all o'er,
Shall brothers be, for a' that.

SIR JOHN COLBORNE.

The loyalists of Montreal held a meeting some time ago, in which they adopted an address to Sir John Colborne, on the occasion of his departure. It was very plain and insignificant, considering the important period during which Sir John had held the reins of government. It is true that in spite of all their good will, they would not have been able to say more without exposing themselves and their hero to public sarcasm. Their compliments would have looked too large and too inflated, when contrasted with the person on whom they had been bestowed; who, after two years administration, with the legislative powers to shelter him from all control, left the country in a worse state than that in which it was in the fall of 1837. At that period there was in the country a strong proportion, we may venture to say, a majority of the population of French Canadians, attached sincerely to the government, and who reposed much confidence in its justice, as they proved it by the numerous public manifestations which they made in all parts of the country. In a few months of administration Sir John threw such discouragement and such disgust in their minds, that at the time of the insurrection of 1838, not a voice—not a single voice—was raised in favor of the government; whilst the preceding year, thousands protested loudly their attachment to it and thus surrounded it with a moral force, much more efficacious than the force of bayonets, to suppress discontent. These are not the observations of an idle rumour; they are truths—truths which can be explained only to the disadvantage of the administrative talents of Sir John Colborne. To what have amounted the military acts of Sir John during the years 1837 and 1838, which would hardly suffice to establish the reputation of a cadet? They dare not send back a single regiment. Our military departure continues on the foot of war. It requires four times as many troops to maintain peace now, as it required in 1837 to crush the movements of the insurrectionists, who then presented something serious. Once more, how reconcile these acts with the administrative talents of even common ability!

In a word, Sir John, in all the course of the recent crisis, has been only a soldier; and has left the care of the civil or political government of his administration to the chiefs of a party who have smothered all the fruits which should issue from his military successes. Incapable of governing anything but troops, he has not known how to choose his counsellors and co-operators in the civil government. He has much merit from the "Loyal" party, whom he has fattened and elevated; but he has gained the censure of the metropolis, by increasing the discontent, and enlarging the national budget with many millions of sterling lives, without counting the misfortunes, which the future still holds in reserve for him.—*Quebec Canadian.*

THE SIGHT.

Bathing the Eyes with Cold Water.—Though the effect of this simple remedy may for a time be hardly perceptible, yet if duly persevered in, I can vouch for its producing the happiest results. So long as there is no actual disease of the eyes, only cold water should be used; and this, applied in the gentlest manner, will soon become sufficiently tepid for all the ends of utility and comfort.—[Curtis on the Preservation of Sight.]

Influence of dress, &c. on sight.—An excess of gilding, or indeed of any shining or white articles, in rooms, ought to be carefully avoided. Dress also, it cannot be doubted, exercises much influence on the visual organs; and many naturally good eyes have been permanently weakened by the apparently innocent custom of wearing a veil, the constant shifting of which effects the sight so prejudicially, in its ceaseless endeavours to adjust itself to the veil's vibration that I have known not a few ladies who have brought on great visual debility by this means alone. Again, tight clothing is manifestly hurtful to the sight; for it needs not to be demonstrated that the effective state of the eyes, as well as that of every other part of the body, cannot be maintained without a free circulation of blood, which is obstructed when

the body is too straightly laced or buttoned.—[Ib.]

Necessity of rest for the Eyes.—It will be well, whenever it can be accomplished, to give the eyes rest for a while after eating, especially if our occupation obliges us to sit. The bad effects of an opposite line of conduct may be daily seen in the red faces, livid lips, and bloodshot eyes, of those who either think too intensely or strain the sight too soon after meals. After all employments that tend to inflame the passions, as pleading, preaching, lecturing, debating, &c. rest to the sight is absolutely essential to its preservation to old age; for the blood being more heated than usual, and flowing to the head in excess, unfits the eyes for a time for exertion; and will if persevered in produce the most fatal consequences, of which I might enumerate many cases in every profession exposed to such influences.—[Ib.]

Effects of Sleep on the Eyes.—A due portion of sleep is as essential to enable the eyes to perform their office comfortably and effectively as a due portion of rest is to enable the limbs wearied with toil, or the mind with reasoning or other kind of exertion, to resume with alacrity their wonted offices. But sleep too long protracted, on the other hand, is perhaps hardly less destructive of accurate and healthy vision than when taken too sparingly; for as in the one case the organ is enfeebled by unremitting activity, without a proper degree of repose, so in the other case, the eye from unfrequent or insufficient exercise becomes torpid and dull, and if inaction be persisted in, is at length unfitted for its functions.—[Ib.]

Attention to the Sight in Youth.—In order to see well, it is necessary to begin early in life to take care of the eyes. Many children have their sight permanently weakened by the carelessness of nurses, in exposing them soon after birth to a strong light, or to the bright glare of a fire, &c. These cautions cannot, therefore, be too strongly impressed on nurses and servants by those who regard the welfare of their offspring. The eyes of infants should be gradually accustomed to exercise themselves in scrutinizing distant objects; but this should be done in the most careful manner, without inducing them to strain their tender sight on such things as are too remote or dazzling for them to see without causing a forcible contraction of their immature organs, which may lay the foundation of permanent and irremediable debility.—[Ib.]

Highly Important!

Nervous diseases, liver complaint, dyspepsia, bilious diseases, piles, rheumatism, consumption, coughs, colds, spitting of blood, pain in the chest and side, ulcers, female weakness, all delicate and mercurial diseases are successfully treated at Dr. EVANS' Medical Office, 100 Chatham street New York.

DR. EVANS' Camomile & Aperient Pills.

ON LOW SPIRITS.—Low spirits is a certain state of the mind, accompanied by indigestion wherein the greatest evils are apprehended upon the slightest ground, and the worst consequences imagined. Ancient Medical writers supposed this disease to be confined to those particular regions of the abdomen, technically called hypochondria which are situated on the right or left side of that cavity, whence comes the name hypochondriasis.

Extract of a letter of Jonas Snyder, Post Master, Kearsville, Pa., to Dr. William Evans.

Among several cases, the following is found: An elderly lady, who had been 25 years so afflicted with nervous hypochondria, debility, &c., that for the last 8 years she constantly received medical aid from a respectable physician; but the pressure and pain on her heart and breast, and especially in her left side, remained immovable, attended at long intervals with weakness in her head and on her mind, keeping her discouraged to undertake any thing. In May she commenced using Dr. W. Evans' medicines according to the directions accompanying them. A reaction took place; the pain and pressure in her body was removed; her mind became clear and strong; her spirits perfectly good, and up to this time it is an all respects restored to health, which for the last ten years she has not enjoyed.

(Signed.) JONAS SNYDER.

September 7, 1838.

Another recent test of the unrivalled virtue of Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicine.—**DYSPEPSIA, TEN YEARS' STANDING.**—Mr. J. Mackenzie, 176 Stanton street, was afflicted with the above complaint for ten years, which incapacitated him at intervals, for the period of six years, in attending to his business, restored to perfect health under the salutary treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans.

The symptoms were—A sense of distension and oppression after eating, distressing pain in the pit of the stomach, nausea, impaired appetite, giddiness, palpitation of the heart, great debility and emaciation, depression of spirits, disturbed rest, sometimes a bilious vomiting, and pain in the right side, an extreme degree of languor and faintness; any endeavour to pursue his business causing immediate exhaustion and weariness.

Mr. Mackenzie is daily attending to his business, and none of the above symptoms have recurred since he used the medicine. He is now a strong and healthy man. He resorted to myriads of remedies, but they were all ineffectual. He is willing to give any information to the afflicted respecting the inestimable benefit rendered to him by the use of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine.

The above Medicine can be procured of all Dr. Wm. Evans, advertised agents in the United States, and throughout the World.

SYMPTOMS.—The common corporal symptoms are, flatulency in the stomach or bowels, acid eructations, constiveness, spasmodic pains, giddiness, dimness of sight, palpitations, and often an utter inability of fixing the attention upon any subject of importance or engaging in any thing that demands vigor or courage. Also languidness—the mind becomes irritable, thoughtful, desponding, melancholy, and dejected, accompanied with a total derangement of

the nervous system. The mental feelings and peculiar train of ideas that haunt the imagination, and overwhelm the judgment exhibit an infinite diversity. The wisest and best of men are as open to this affliction as the weakest.

CAUSES.

A sedentary life of any kind, especially severe study protracted to a late hour in the night, and rarely relieved by social intercourse, or exercise, a dissolute habit, great excess in eating and drinking, the immoderate use of mercury, violent purgatives, the suppression of some habitual discharge, (as, the obstruction of the menses,) or long continued eruptions; relaxation or debility of one or more important organs within the abdomen, is a frequent cause.

TREATMENT.

The principal objects of treatment are, to remove indigestion, to strengthen the body and to enliven the spirits, which may be promoted by exercise, regular hours, regular meals, and pleasant conversation. The bowels (if costive) being carefully regulated by the occasional use of a mild aperient, we know nothing better calculated to obtain this end, than Dr. Wm. Evans' Aperient Pills—being mild and certain in their operation. The bowels being once cleansed, his inestimable Camomile Pills, (which are tonic, anodyne, and anti-spasmodic,) are an infallible remedy, and without dispute have proved a great blessing to the numerous public.

Some physicians have recommended a free use of mercury, but it should not be resorted to; as in many cases it will greatly aggravate the symptoms.

The above invaluable medicines, together with Dr. Hunt's Botanic Pills; Dr. Goode's celebrated Female Pills; Dr. Evans' Fever & Ague Pills; Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup for Teething, are entered according to act of Congress, and the right to prepare them has been secured and are vended at 100 Chatham Street, New York, and by the regular appointed Agents. LORENZO PERRY, Agent, Sawtton.

A PUBLIC BLESSING!

DR. HUNT'S BOTANIC PILLS FOR THE CURE OF FEVER AND AGUE.

Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Heartburn, Sourness or Acidity in the Stomach, Tightness at the Chest, Loss of Appetite, Sick Head Ache, Pain in the Head, Back, Limbs and Side, Flatulency, Typhus and Scarlet Fever, Putrid Sore Throat, Fever and Ague, or Intermittent Fevers, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Spasmodic Affections, and Tic Douloureux, Convulsions of Children, Measles, Small Pox, Hooping Cough, Rickets, Teething, Worms, Female Obstructions and Rejections of Food, and Constiveness, Cholera, whether fatal or bilious, follow the DIRECTIONS.

Dose.—Take from three to ten pills, till they operate, two or three times daily.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Sold at 100 Chatham street, New-York, Wholesale and Retail.

Where applications for Agencies, Medicines, or Advertising, will meet with prompt attention.

The extraordinary success which has attended the use of Hunt's Botanic Pills, is the best criterion of their superior virtues. They have been the means of raising a host of languishing patients, from the bed of affliction, as is clearly evinced in the following

CERTIFICATES.

Fever and Ague Cured.

To Dr. Hunt:

Dear Sir—Believing it a duty I owe you as a successful practitioner, as well as those who may be similarly afflicted. I take pleasure in acknowledging the benefit I have derived from the use of your valuable Medicine,

Hunt's Botanic Pills.

After much suffering from *Fever and Ague*, during the spring and fall, for the last four years, and the pecuniary injuries attendant on the indisposition of one on whose exertions a large family was dependent for support, and having without success tested the skill of many medical advisers, at an expense I could not well afford, in the fall of 1838, finding the premonitory symptoms of the disease approaching, I was induced by a friend who had tried your medicine, to purchase a package of your Botanic Pills, and now have the happiness to inform you—and through you, those who may be similarly afflicted—that they counteracted the disease, nor have I been troubled with it since, and my confidence continues to uphold me in the belief that your Botanic Pills are the most safe, the cheapest most efficacious and radical cure for that distressing disease *Fever and Ague*. All I can for the present offer you for the blessing you have been instrumental in conferring on me, is my assurance of unceasing gratitude and esteem.

P. M. McCORMICK.

Newark, N. J., July 31, 1839.

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Effectually Cured.

Mr. Wm. Tucker having lately been restored to a sound state of health, through the efficacy of Dr. Hunt's Botanic Pills, thinks it an indispensable duty to state certain facts relative to the disease under which he had so long suffered. The symptoms were—a painful obstruction, with a constant rejection of food, head-ache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, a troublesome dry cough, dizziness, tightness at the chest and difficulty of breathing, almost constant pain in the side, loins and shoulders, accompanied with much languor & debility. These afflictions, together with an unusual degree of flatulency, brought on such a state of extreme weakness, as to prevent him from attending to his business, and his health appeared lost beyond recovery. His friends and relatives became alarmed at the melancholy prospect, and strongly recommended Hunt's Botanic Pills—they were administered, and in a few days produced astonishing relief, and finally realized a perfect restoration to sound health.

LIVER COMPLAINT, with much Derangement of the Nervous System.

Mr. Joshua Roberts was afflicted with a bilious and nervous disease to an alarming degree, being attended with all the distressing symptoms which affect a relaxed constitution, viz:—A sick head-ache, loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, pain in the stomach after eating, unusual tremors, shifting spasmodic pains in every part of the body, cold chills, sallow complexion, constiveness, and a constant dull pain in the right side, which often induced the most dreadful debility; indeed, he

thought he was afflicted with every internal complaint the human body is liable to. He was generally making trial of various remedies, all of which were equally fruitless, until he had recourse to Hunt's Botanic Pills, from the superior virtues of which his health is perfectly re-established, and is now able to pursue his employment free from pain or disease.

JOSHUA ROBERTS.

An extraordinary case of Rheumatism, accompanied with Diarrhoea and Nervous Debility.

Mr. Joseph Hart, from being exposed to cold, was attacked with a most painful Rheumatic complaint of the head, and neck, which continued with distressing violence for several months. The principal symptoms were—a swelling and excruciating pain in all the joints, and an entire loss of their use; both the pain and the fever generally increased on the slightest motion, and were more severe in the night time. A constant diarrhoea, which produced its general consequences—flatulency, lowness of spirits, and general wasting of the body. He was indeed so extremely ill that his medical attendant could not possibly give the least hopes of his recovery, and it was generally believed by his relatives and friends that all the medicines or treatment in this world could not give him any relief. But seeing an advertisement of Hunt's Botanic Pills, he was directed by an Almighty Providence to use them; he did so, and after a fortnight they produced a favorable change, and he is now a healthy and strong man.

JOSEPH HART.

An interesting case of Lowness of Spirits, with a violent Spasmodic Affection

Mr. Francis Caldwell was afflicted for several years with extreme debility, together with a train of symptoms generally termed nervous affections, and which, perhaps, it would be impossible for the pen of the most learned physicians to describe. In this case the spasms in the stomach were so frequent and excruciating as nearly to deprive him of reason, pains in the limbs, extending even to the fingers and toes, sickness at the stomach, and a general agitation of the whole system, inasmuch that a common incident rendered the mind timid and apprehensive. In order to remove these distressing symptoms, and restore the constitution to its former energy, a large portion of medical skill had been exhausted without any advantage; change of air, and other remedies were also unavailing, and the mind and body appeared to be devoted to a ruthless disease. In this hopeless and languid situation, Mr. Caldwell was recommended to make trial of Hunt's Botanic Pills, the effects of which were visible in a few days, and by a continuance of the medicine (according to directions,) his strength became completely restored, and a sound state of health most happily established.

FRANCIS CALDWELL.

Consumption Cured.

Mr. Edward Russell, was, in December last suddenly seized with cold shiverings, which were succeeded by pains in every part of the body. The pains continued severe until the month of May, when he began to spit blood, this was shortly after succeeded by a hacking cough, swelling and pain in the chest, and the discharge of blood from the mouth became considerable; these symptoms, which are so often the messengers of sudden death, were, in the course of a few weeks, followed by thick viscid sputum, mingled with blood. This circumstance appeared to give him a temporary relief, as the cough became less troublesome, and the appetite increased. The discharge of pus increased, and the body was so wasted as to assume all the appearances of one who lingers in the last stage of Consumption. The physicians who attended were satisfied in their opinion that no hope remained, and that further trial of medicine would be entirely useless. In this dire and forlorn state, he began to use Hunt's Botanic Pills, and by taking a few boxes of the medicine he has received a perfect cure, and has since enjoyed excellent health. The unexpected recovery of Mr. Russell, has astonished all his relatives and friends, and he tenders these lines to Dr. Hunt with everlasting gratitude.

EDWARD RUSSELL.

Distressing case of severe Spasmodic Asthma, perfectly cured by Hunt's Botanic Pills.

Mr. Henry White, was for the space of two years afflicted with a severe Asthma, which proceeded from wet and cold: all the worst symptoms of the complaint followed—a tightness across the chest, with difficult and distressing breathing. During the last year of his illness, the disease increased so alarmingly as to prevent his following any business, having lost his speech, and being threatened with immediate suffocation, until a copious expectoration would come on, which only gave him relief for a few hours. The physicians who attended him, pronounced his complaint beyond the possibility of cure, but at last Providence directed a pamphlet to be left at his house, after which he procured some of Dr. Hunt's Botanic Pills, and after taking a few boxes he found himself entirely free from the complaint, being capable at this time of any exercise, even of walking forty miles daily, and having all the enjoyments of perfect health.

HENRY WHITE.

OBSERVE that the Label on each Box has the following inscription:—"Entered according to Act of Congress, the year 1829, by William Evans, in the Clerk's Office in the Southern District Court of New-York."

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. Sold at 100 Chatham Street, New-York. Wholesale and Retail, and by the Regular Agents.

DR. WILLIAM EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

PREPARED BY HIMSELF.

To Mothers and Nurses.

The passage of the Teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during the process. The gums swell, the secretion and saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden fits of crying, watchings, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts: the child shrieks with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into its mouth. If these precursory symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally supervene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infant. Mothers who have their little babies afflicted with these distressing symptoms should apply Dr. Wm. EVANS' CELEBRATED SOOTHING SYRUP, which has preserved hundreds of infants when thought

lost recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions.

A Blessing to Mothers.

Dr. W. Evans' celebrated Soothing Syrup for Children cutting their teeth.
THIS infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of children when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. The preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, though there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of syrup should be used on the gums to open the pores. Parents never should be without the syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with a pain in the gums, the syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pores and healing the gums, thereby preventing Convulsions, Fevers, &c.

Proof positive of the efficacy of Dr. Evan's Soothing Syrup.

To the Agent of Dr. Evan's Soothing Syrup, Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant from your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, most convince every feeling parent how essential an early application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture. My infant while teething, experienced such acute sufferings, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and family supposed that death would soon release the babe from anguish, till we procured a bottle of your syrup; which as soon as I applied to the gums, a wonderful change was produced, and after a few applications the child displayed obvious relief, and by continuing in its use, I am glad to inform you, the child has completely recovered, and no recurrence of that awful complaint has since occurred; the teeth are erupting daily, and the child enjoys perfect health. I give you my cheerful permission to make this acknowledgement public, and will gladly give any information on this circumstance.

WM. JONSON.

A gentleman who has made trial of Dr. Evan's Soothing Syrup in his family, (in case of a teething child,) wishes us to state that he found it a truly effectual in relieving pain in the gums, and preventing the consequences which sometimes follow. We cheerfully comply with his request.

N. Y. ST.

A severe case of teething with summer complaint, cured by the infallible American Soothing Syrup of Dr. W. Evans. Mrs. McPherson, residing at No. 8 Madison St., called a few days since at the Medical Office of Dr. Evans, 100 Chatham Street, N. Y., and purchased a bottle of the syrup for her child, who was suffering excruciating pain during the process of dentition, being momentarily threatened with convulsions; its bowels too were extremely loose, and no food could be retained on its stomach. Almost immediately on its application, the alarming symptoms entirely ceased, and by continuing the use of the syrup on the gums, the bowels in a short time became quite natural. As a tribute of gratitude for the benefit afforded the child, the mother came forward of her own accord, and finely sanctioned publicity to the above. Pray be particular in applying at 100 Chatham street, as there are several counterfeiters advertised. No other place has the genuine for sale.

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.—Children generally suffer much uneasiness from the cutting of their teeth. Whatever dangerous or fatal symptoms attend this process of nature, they are produced invariably from the highly irritated and inflamed condition of the parts—therefore the principal indications of cure are to abate the inflammation, to soothe, soothe and relax the gums. If that is effected, the infant is preserved from subsequent fever, inflammation, spasmodic cough, twitching of tendons, group, canker and convulsions, displaying their fatal consequences. If mothers, nurses or guardians have their babies tormented with painful and protracted dentition, and this notice attracts their attention, they should not be deterred from purchasing a bottle of EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething; its incomparable virtue of which in completely relieving the most distressing cases (when applied to the infant's gums as directed) is invaluable. The remedy has restored thousands of children when on the verge of the grave to the embraces of their distracted parents, attacked with that awful and mortifying malady—convulsions.

Sold at Dr. W. Evans' Office, 100 Chatham street, N. Y., and by all his agents throughout the Union, and by LORENZO PERRY, Agent, Swanton, Vermont.

Renovating Mixture.

FOR THE CURE OF RHEUMATISM, Scrofula or King's-Evil, Hip disease, painful affections of the bones, Ulcerated throat and nostrils, Ulcers of every description, Fever Sores, and Internal Abscesses, Scald Head, Ulcerated feet and legs, Blisters, and all kinds of diseases of the skin; also, PILES, in their most aggravated form.

This medicine is singularly efficacious in renovating those constitutions which have been broken down by injudicious treatment. In general terms, it is recommended in all those diseases which arise from impurities of the blood or vitiation of the humors, of whatever name or kind. Some of the above complaints may require some trifling assistant application, which the circumstances of the case will dictate; but for a general remedy or prescription to renovate the cause, this compound will be found sufficient.

Of all remedies yet discovered for the cure of a particular disease, this is the most certain. It makes a speedy and permanent cure, without the least regard to diet, exposure, or application to business. Even when the disease has become constitutional, and Mercury with other popular remedies, have failed, this Mixture has never been known to fail of performing a cure. The proprietor gives no long quickish recommendations, but leaves the medicine to speak for itself.

DIRECTIONS.—Take from one to 2 spoonfuls, according to the strength and age of the patient, before eating, morning and evening. Should it sicken the stomach or prove too much of a laxative, lessen the dose.

Prepared and Sold by DR. JOHN E. BANGS. From Vegetables of American production. To be sold at this Office. October 30, 1839.